The Attributes of God Lesson 1 – Existence / Eternality

- I. Introduction
 - A. Importance
 - 1. An unknown God can not be trusted, worshipped or served.
 - 2. The true knowledge of God must come from a clear mental apprehension of His nature, attributes, and perfections as revealed in the Scripture.
 - B. Admonitions to gaining a knowledge of God
 - 1. Job 22:21
 - 2. Jeremiah 9:23-24
 - 3. John 17:3
 - 4. A spiritual and saving knowledge of God is one's greatest need.
 - C. Acquiring a knowledge of God
 - 1. Jeremiah 31:33
 - 2. Matt. 11:27
 - 3. Luke 10:22
 - 4. 2 Cor. 4:6
 - D. Applications of the knowledge of God
 - 1. Hosea6:3
 - 2. Dan 11:32
 - 3. John 7:17
 - 4. Exodus 15:11
 - a. awe inspiring
 - b. worship provoking grandeur
- II. Attribute #1: Existence (eternality) the Bible assumes the existence of God. It is the foundation of all wisdom and knowledge (Prov.1:7; 9:10). Only fools deny the existence of God (Psalm 14:1; 92:6).
 - A. Gen. 1:1
 - 1. God existed, in the unity of His nature (the Trinity), alone.
 - 2. There was no heaven to reveal His glory
 - 3. There was no earth to engage His attention
 - 4. There were no angels to sing His praise
 - 5. There was no universe to be upheld by the word of His power.
 - 6. He was self-contained, self-sufficient, self-satisfied, in need of nothing. He is glorious enough in Himself.
 - 7. The creating of the above added nothing to God essentially because He does not change (Mal.3:6); His glory can neither be augmented nor diminished.
 - 8. He was under no obligation or necessity to create; that He

chose to do so was purely a sovereign act on His part caused by nothing outside of Himself.

- 9. He did so for His own pleasure Eph.1:1110
- 10. He grants saving faith for His own pleasure Eph.1:5

B. Psalm 90:2

- 1. Truths contained
 - a. The world had a beginning "brought forth"
 - b. The world owes its being to the creative power of God "You"
 - c. God was in being before the world the cause must come before the effect.
 - d. God was from eternity "from everlasting"
 - e. God shall endure to eternity "to everlasting"
- 2. Doctrines revealed
 - a. God is without beginning Gen. 1:1
 - 1). Time began with the foundation of the world, but God, being before time, could have no beginning in time.
 - To be in time is to have a beginning; to be before all time is never to have a beginning, but always to be.
 - 3). He has life within Himself John 5:26
 - 4). 2 Tim 1:8-10 Grace given before the beginning of time.
 - b. God is without end Psalm 9:7; James 1:17
 - 1). He shall live forever Rev. 4:9-10
 - 2). He shall endure forever Psalm IO2:27
 - 3). He alone is immortal as He received His life from none, so He can not be deprived of it by any.
 - 4). As none gave Him His life, so none can deprive Him of His life or the least portion of it.
 - c. God is without succession Psalm 102:27
 - 1). The being of creation is successive; the being of God is permanent, and remains entire with all His perfections unchanged in an infinite duration.
 - 2). He receives nothing as an addition to what He was before; He loses nothing of what He was before.
 - 3). His years do not come and go like ours —Heb. 1:12
 - 4). Man is not the same that he was, and will not be the same that he is; but God is the same without any succession of parts and of time.

- 5). God is no more than He was, and He shall be no more hereafter than He is.
- 6) Thus, there is no succession in His knowledge, His decrees or His commands and instructions.
- d. God is eternal 1 Tim. 1:17; 1 Tim. 6:15-16
 - All the perfections of God are eternal power, mercy, justice, wisdom, knowledge, glory, etc.
 - God Himself could not be eternal if any of His attributes, which are essential to Him, were not eternal also.
 - 3) God gains nothing from us Job 35:7-8; Luke 17:10
 - 4) Christ added nothing to God in His essential being and glory; Christ manifested His glory to us, but Christ added nothing to God — Psalm 16:2-3
 - 5) His eternity is evident by the names He gives Himself Exodus 3:14
 - a). "I am that I am" present tense shows that His essence knows neither past nor future.
 - b) If it were "I was", it would intimate that He was not now what He once
 - c) If it were "I will be", it would intimate He was not yet what He will be.
- e. God has life in Himself John 5:26; John1:4 ~
 - He has life by His essence not by participation.
 - He is a sun to give light and life to all creatures, but receives neither light nor life from anything.
- C If God were not eternal
 - 1. He would not be immutable (non-changeable)-Job 37:23;Mal.3:6
 - a. Whatever begins is changed by passing from not being to being.
 - b. It would begin to be what it was not; and if it ended, it would cease to be what it was.
 - 2. He would not be a perfect being Job 11:7; Psalm 41:13

- a. A finite duration is inconsistent with infinite perfection.
- b. If God had a beginning, He would not be infinite; if not infinite, He could not possess the highest perfection.
- c. If He had a beginning, He would be limited by that which gave Him beginning; that which gave Him being would be God, and not Himself.
- d. Since God is the most sovereign perfection, He is certainly eternal; being infinite, nothing can be added to Him, nothing detracted from Him.
- 3. Christ would not be God Col.1:16-17; Heb. 7:3
 - a.. Eternity is the nature of God but it is ascribed to Christ
 - b. If all things were Christ's creatures, then He is no creature.
 - c. He came from the Father and returns to the Father John 16:28; John 17:5